Presidential Communications Operations Office Presidential News Desk

TALK TO THE PEOPLE OF PRESIDENT RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE (PART II)

[Aired on 28 December 2021]

PRESIDENT RODRIGO ROA DUTERTE: Go ahead.

DENR UNDERSECRETARY BENNY ANTIPORDA: Good evening, Mayor; good evening Executive Secretary Salvador Mediadea; Senator Bong Go; and to all the honorable Secretaries; and to my fellow government servant.

Well, I was tasked to report the DENR response by our Secretary Roy A. Cimatu on the onslaught of Typhoon Odette.

Well, first on the clearing of roads and our initiatives to help the people 'no na magkaroon na po sila ng mga kahoy, namigay na po ng mga chainsaws, naipahiram na po sa mga local government units sa Central Visayas, and Bohol po nabigyan, ang Cebu, Negros Oriental. At sa Palawan naman po ang Puerto Princesa, at ang Taytay po ay nabigyan na rin po. At sa Surigao at Siargao po and sa Dinagat Island po ay nabigyan na rin po ng mga chainsaw para po magamit nila.

At the same time, sa CARAGA po ay nakapagbigay na po tayo ng 90,000 board feet of wood para ho magamit nila; 45,000 ay naibigay po sa Dinagat Island; Sa Surigao City naman po ay 25,000; and sa Siargao naman po ay 20,000 board feet.

Now, on the report naman po when it comes to the --- ah dito po sa Surigao ay nakapagbigay po ng two tons na relief goods po ang DENR sa tulong po ng ating Philippine Air Force 'no po.

And on the report on the Siargao inspection and operation dated December 20 and 24, December 2021, the local government of Siargao headed by Governor Francisco Tinio Matugas and the Department of Environment and Natural Resources agreed that the people residing in the coastal areas will no longer be permitted to return, it's for their safety 'no po.

Sinisiguro po natin na hindi na po muling mangyari ito pong nangyaring pagwasak sa mga bahay nila dahil sa lakas ng bagyong ito 'no po. In lieu of this, the DENR will distribute parcel of lands 'no po, as per the instruction also of our President Rodrigo Roa Duterte, to qualified tenured migrants under the Protected Area Community-Based Resource Management Agreement.

Ito po'y doon po ginagamit sa mga protected areas 'no base po sa --- para ho sa kaalaman ng lahat, ang Siargao po kasi ay naideklara pong protected area 'to. Kung --- dito po ngayon magagamit ito pong tinatawag nating PACBRMA 'no po, which has a term of 25 years and renewable for another 25 years 'no po.

Kung kayat sa kasalukuyan ay ito po 'yung pinakamagandang naging Pamasko po natin dahil December 24 po nai-deliver ang message na ito sa atin pong mga kababayan diyan po sa Siargao 'no po.

We encourage the local government unit concerned to form people's organizations in different municipalities to fast-track the facilitation of PACBRMA. Concerned mayors were advised to identify temporary resettlement areas until such time that PACBRMA will be awarded.

Ang atin pong CARAGA regional office was also instructed to mobilize nurseries in the region for the tree planting activities in Siargao dahil based on the inspection po, almost 80 percent po ng mga puno natin na napakagaganda po along the roadside eh lahat po talaga eh nasira at nagtumbahan po.

We also activated people's initiatives for the coastal cleanup to remove the debris 'no that were stuck in the shoreline. Again, sakali pong magkaroon nang malakas na alon o malakas na ulan na naman eh maaari pong malagay sa alanganin ang atin pong mga kababayan diyan.

And two chopperload and two planeload of relief goods were delivered composed of tents, water, rice, canned goods and instant noodles. Since very busy po ang lahat po ng mga vessels natin at saka eroplano, the DENR was forced to charter planes, and of course, with the help of Governor Ryan Singson also kung kaya't may nagamit din po tayong eroplano.

Around 100 stranded passengers in Siargao Airport were extracted using our chartered flights back to Manila and some in Butuan. More or less 200 stranded passengers who were left for the next flight were also fed by the DENR team.

Well, these orders were delivered on December 24, 2021 before the Christmas Eve based on the instruction of our Honorable Secretary Roy A. Cimatu to assure the people of Siargao that victims of the onslaught of the Typhoon Odette also deserve a happy Christmas.

That's all po and our operation continues. We will be heading to Bohol naman po para magdala pa rin po ng amin pong mga relief goods po at makatulong sa atin pong mga kababayan doon.

Maraming salamat po, Mayor.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: May tanong lang ako sa iyo, ang tanong biro lang, nasaan si Roy?

USEC. ANTIPORDA: Well, nasa travel po siya sa Iloilo dahil tinitingnan niya rin po 'yung situation po doon naman sa Iloilo.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Ah okay. Bilib ako. Baka --- baka ang landing niya Boracay ha. Hindi biro lang. I know he's really very busy and he's a hard worker.

Gusto ko lang maitanong 'yung lipatan ng mga tao na spaces, space in that near the where they are now staying? Iyong relocation sa gobyerno - --?

USEC. ANTIPORDA: Ay malapit lang po, opo.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Ah lupa ng gobyerno?

USEC. ANTIPORDA: Opo, ito po'y mga protected areas po na puwede naman hong gamitan ng tenurial instrument.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Good. Mas mabuti 'yan. Marami pa namang lupa ang gobyerno, ibigay na lang ninyo sa mga tao within the next few months.

USEC. ANTIPORDA: Opo.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Ipasa mo na lang sa --- sino bang...? Ipapasa --- sa DAR, sa DAR para maano, they can come in and, I said, plant for these people in areas.

Ang aking advice is kung mag-rehabilitate kayo ng isang community and you would want to look for the space, if it's a government land, ibigay na

ninyo lahat. Wala ng --- those idle government land, idle lands of the government not productive, better give it to the people right away.

Nandito lang si ano eh --- sino bang pumalit kay --- sa DAR? [ES Medialdea: Si Bernie Cruz, Secretary Bernie Cruz.] Babae? [ES Medialdea: Lalaki po, dating undersecretary.] Idagdag na lang niya 'yan doon sa ano land reform ano.

My sense is that 'yung lahat ng lupa na puwedeng ibigay sa mga tao, whether they were victims of the typhoon or not, ibigay na lang 'yung sa kaya nilang ibigay, kaya nating ibigay lahat.

Eh wala naman tayong maano, maraming tao talaga and if you want to improve the place, you have to deal with people and most of them are marginalized or are really very poor na walang malipatan.

So kailangan, well, bilisan ninyo nang kaunti. Pero si Castriciones made a good --- for the time that he was with the Cabinet, he made a significant act of giving so many lands. I think malaki ang naibigay natin sa gobyerno.

Ah tignan ko, I just to --- si ano na si... Sir, you want to be the first? Go ahead.

DA SECRETARY WILLIAM DAR: Maraming salamat, Mr. President, and I have a few slides to show.

[William Dar, please.]

Mr. President; Senator Bong Go; ES Bong Medialdea; fellow members of the Cabinet.

Gusto kong ibahagi po 'yung aming ginagawa sa Department of Agriculture, of course, always in partnership with various departments of government including that of the private sector.

As of today, Mr. President, ang total damage and losses sa agriculture natin sa bansa ay umabot na po ng almost P6 billion, still counting. And this has affected almost 62,000 farmers and fishers and the total area affected is more than 70,000 hectares. And if you translate this into volume of loss in terms of food metric tons, that's already almost 105,000 metric tons.

Now, looking at the losses by commodity, the fishery sector has been hit hardest followed by rice, and the third one is coconut, and of course, the others that would include infrastructure, corn, livestock, high-value crops, and other machineries: 13.7 percent. And again, if you look at the total production loss of rice this year, to date, we have lost almost 700,000 metric tons. This is 3.4 percent of the 20.3 million metric tons target this year.

[Next slide, please. Next.]

Okay, these are the available interventions. Mr. President, we are lining up a 1 billion Quick Response Fund for the rehabilitation of affected areas chargeable to the 2022 budget, which is already almost a week from now.

And second, we have ongoing now distribution of the indemnification to affected farmers. Philippine Crop Insurance Corporation is having this P828 million to pay almost more than 12,000 farmers for that matter --- I mean P12,000 average per farmer. So if you have --- we can pay almost 69,000 farmers for areas --- I mean, in those areas affected by Typhoon Odette.

The other intervention is we have from the Agricultural Credit Policy Council has set aside P500 million as a Survival and Recovery Assistance Program and this will be good for 20,000 farmers and fisherfolk, and it's given a loan of P25,000.

The other interventions --- [Next slide, please.] --- we have this prepositioned rice seeds, P314 million worth; P129 million worth of corn seeds; P57 million worth of assorted vegetables from the 2021 and we can add more from the 2022 budget. These are already ready for distribution to those affected farmers.

The Bureau of Fisheries and Aquatic Resources has already extended assistance to affected fisherfolk at the amount of P47 million and continue to procure more materials for the construction of boats for that matter --- fishing boats.

And on the intervention coming from the Philippine Coconut Authority, of course, as I've mentioned, coconut is one of the most devastated commodities, about 25.7 percent. They have deployed chainsaws also in Southern Leyte, 50; in Siargao, 30; and 50 additionally will come for CARAGA Region.

So --- [Next slide.] --- these are the available seeds reserve, Mr. President. For rice: 73,958 bags; 24,032 bags for corn; and 5,632 kilograms for assorted vegetables; and this is for the various regions affected by Typhoon Odette.

Next slide will give us the details where the Crop Insurance Corporation will be distributing the indemnification. So here, it is shown by region: Region IV-B; VI; VII; VIII; X; and CARAGA. So the giving of this indemnification, Mr. President, is starting already.

[Next slide, please.]

Now, these are the activities we have done prior to the coming of the Typhoon Odette with the early warning given by DOST-PCAARRD and also the activities that we did during and after. So as... Number one, we advised farmers and fisherfolk to harvest matured produce, and along this area, we have saved about P655 million.

Number two is the prepositioning of seeds for rice, corn, high-value crops, drugs, and biologics for livestock and poultry. Then we --- after the --- after the typhoon, we did conduct rapid damage and needs assessment both ground and aerial documentation. We continue also to monitor food supply situation from --- I mean in those affected areas and mobilizing food supplies like rice from areas that are surplus.

And so far, so good, Mr. President. We do not have a big problem in terms of rice. Rice is so much available in most of the areas but, of course, there are those areas that have been just slightly affected because of logistics concern.

[Next slide.]

Yes, debris management and provision of planting materials have been started. We also mobilized the KADIWA on Wheels. We now have the facilitation of this insurance or indemnification including that of loan programs and the provision of --- and repair as well of fishing boats. We continue to manufacture through our procurement agents, fishing boats that will be distributed to the affected areas, Mr. President.

[Next slide.]

This is what I was saying that as a result of the early advisory of the department, we have saved almost 655 million worth of rice and corn.

Now, before closing, Mr. President, we would like to assure the public that mayroon tayo pong sapat na pagkain.

Of course, we just need to mobilize them from one area to the areas where they are needed most. And we hope that --- we would like also to mention that on top of what is now mentioned here, we are still having about P3 billion that will be distributed this next five weeks for this Rice Farmers Financial Assistance.

So nandiyan lahat po ang tulong ng national government and we are in partnership with local government units to see to it that the farmers and the fishers are properly attended to and supported, Mr. President.

Marami pong salamat.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Maraming salamat, Secretary Dar. You go ahead.

DICT ACTING SECRETARY EMMANUEL REY CAINTIC: Yes, Mr. President. I have a short presentation as well. Mr. President, and to the members of the Cabinet, good evening.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Go ahead, they can hear you.

ACTING SEC. CAINTIC: I'll explain first, Mr. President, the effect of the typhoon. Immediately after the typhoon passed, the telecommunications were badly hit primarily because the typhoon also affected the fiber transmission lines of the towers. Not many towers went down but the primary problem of the typhoon path, dito po lalo na sa may Surigao, sir, ang tinamaan po dito are the fibers that connect the towers from each other.

And when those towers --- when those fibers were --- were uprooted and also torn, dale po na --- nadale po immediately 'yung telecommunications not just of Surigao, sir. Immediately after the typhoon hit this place, most of Mindanao even went dark in terms of telecoms because the connect --- connection of our Internet and telecoms flow from this path po.

So kung napansin niyo po, around --- around December 17, 18, wala pa rin po kayong masyadong --- interrupted pa rin dito sa may Davao even, and most of Mindanao. And then, sir, dito sa Bohol and Cebu and Negros Islands na-affect po 'yan because although some of the towers have generator sets for two, three days, naubos po agad, sir. The lack of power

from Bohol and Negros affected the sustainability of the telecommunications as well.

So, and the same is true for Palawan, sir. So dual ano, sir, 'no 'yung towers kahit hindi sila naputol o natumba, ang problema the power lines that sustain the telecommunications went down. [Next slide, please.] Immediately after po, we created Task Force Odette. We asked Usec. Alan Silor, our head of emergency communications to head the team.

And we also asked our directors from various regions to plan the logistics and transport. And I'm so thankful for Secretary Lorenzana, he volunteered to deploy our Flyaway VSATs and gensets to --- to Surigao and Siargao.

[Next slide, please.]

We also --- I'd like to explain, sir, 'no, the total loss of communication to all the places was so disruptive that we had to create a two-pronged approach of the restoration --- ah of the augmentation. Sir, a lot of people are asking is it --- is it our job to be able to restore the cell --- the cellular signal? Sabi ko sa mga Globe, Smart and Dito, they were asking me how can I help? I said, don't bother with emergency comms, your job is to restore immediately what you can with your service. Concentrate in restoring your service. So for example, si Smart nagpapatulong siya magtransport ng --- ng mga tao at kagamitan, I helped them, we helped them rather --- DICT helped them transport their people and equipment to the places.

Because sir, the --- for example, nung December 17, they were lining up like normal people in the ports. So we asked the --- I called the PPA, sir, to say paunahin mo 'yung Smart and telco people aboard with all their equipment. So they had to jump the line, sir, so sorry na lang for all the passengers ang sama ng tingin but I --- we really asked them to prioritize the telco.

So our two-pronged approach, Mr. President, is that immediately we have to first provide emergency communications to the local governments primarily, sir, the governor and their mayors. So for example, sir, when you asked us to go to Surigao and Siargao on December 19, we went there sir and so later we were brought to by chopper.

People were congregating, they were so happy. I said, "We don't have food. We just have one sat phone." And when we went there, when we

arrived there, they were so happy sir, because at long last, Mayor Elizabeth Matugas was now be able to communicate with her brother, the governor of Surigao.

So that's how bad it is, sir, three days na po 'yun. So it's really important that we are able to give sat phones to the mayors. And the same is true pala with Bohol, Governor Art Yap was breathing on my neck asking for sat phones for each of his mayors. Okay, sir?

The second approach, sir, is 'yung KonekTawag. Now so difficult, sir, because when we go to a place, they'll see that we have restored the signal through VSAT, people begin to congregate. And it's so heartbreaking because we keep on telling them, "This is for the use first of emergency coordination." But people will really congregate and say, "Can we ask, can we call?" So we also have to establish KonekTawag Centers, sir.

I'll go through the restoration --- ah the response on per province. Mabilis lang naman, sir. [Can you go to the next slide?] Sa Siargao, sir, that's what I was saying, Usec. Silor instructed Mayor Beth, she's the mayor, sir, and we gave her one sat phone and immediately, sir, all of a sudden that same day, for after three days she was already able to coordinate with Governor Matugas, her brother, this was December 19. And then, sir, the other thing that we needed is to restore communications on the Siargao Airport. When you arrived here on December 23, sir, that was made possible because if without communication, the --- you cannot land the plane because you do not know if the airstrip is clear, sir.

So we needed to --- you need to know, somebody's got to say it's okay kasi nangyari, sir, people are in the airstrip, sir, eh. And then, sir, malaking tulong din ang mga telco. 'Di talaga nila maiwasan so they have this mobile cell sites din which they helped augment. So sabi ko okay na 'yan because... Why did Smart do this? It will really take time for them to restore the tower-based telecommunication, sir, because problema 'yung power at putol pa talaga 'yung mga certain transmission.

[Next slide, please.]

Sa Dinagat, sir, we provided the VSAT for the EOC, sir, for the OCD. And then, ganoon din, sir, si governor, sir, parang sobra na siyang tuwa na mayroon na siyang sat phone because this was December 20, sir. Four days na rin po wala pa rin silang pantawag. So nobody could --- they could not contact, sir, and this was in response to your... Ah this was December 19 din, sir, Sunday ng gabi, sir.

[So next slide.]

Sa Surigao, sir, we now have the KonekTawag Centers so people are now able to go the KonekTawag Centers to call. Ito po 'yung emergency --- mayroon po tayong emergency vehicle, sir. Ito po sir, pinadala po namin ito sir bago magbagyo, kaso nga lang, ang dami talagang sinasagaan ng bagyo, sir eh. So mayroon pa tayong pinadala ding ganitong mga MOVE, sir sa Bohol, sa Cebu, and then sa Palawan, sir, we really just had to fly Flyaway VSAT sir, in Visayas.

Iyan sir oh, so 'yung --- 'yung --- dinudumog na ng tao 'yung mobile cell site, sir, so this mobile vehicle, sir, serves as a mobile tawag center, sir. This is in Ceb --- ah in Bohol --- ay Negros Occidental, sir. Iyan, 'yan ganito kalaki 'yan, sir, tatlo 'yan, sir, may --- may malaking --- parang malaking truck, may Land Cruiser at saka motor. Lahat po 'yan sir may radio tapos may Wi-Fi din at VSAT.

Tapos si Governor Gwen po, binigyan din na po natin ng --- sa kanya po 'to, binigay po sa --- nilagay po namin sa Cebu. This was --- late na po 'to, sir, this was

December 22, magpa-Pasko na, sir. So ito, sir, she really waited for this to come.

[Next slide.]

Sa Palawan, sir, thank you to the Philippine Coast Guard, sir. Si Philippine Coast Guard po naglipat nito from --- from Batangas dinala po to Palawan, sir. So --- pero awa ng Diyos, sir, we already have power in --- in Palawan, except for five barangays. So we have to lend the genset, sir. So I was telling Sec. Cusi that we really need gasoline because --- hindi naman nagtataas ng presyo sir pero kulang ang su --- kulang ang supply 'di ba? So --- eh 'yung gensets --- ang generators sir, apart from powering the VSAT eh magcha-charge pa ng cellphone, nagcha-charge na rin ng kung ano-ano, sir.

The commercial telco, sir, we said earlier we asked them to concentrate on restoring their services. Sa Palawan, sir, 95 percent na silang okay so malapit na rin naman silang maka-restore. And then 60 percent sa Visayas, 64 percent sa Mindanao. Si Smart naman, sir, nagi-increase na rin, sir, 76 percent Palawan 78 percent.

So, sir, you might be wondering bakit mababa pa rin, power po talaga ang kulang at power 'yan ang reason. Pero 'pag mayroon na 'yang power, sir, sindi agad 'yan, sir. And then dito, sir, 75 percent in Mindanao, 'yan --- matatapos 'yan sila siguro, sir, before New Year, sir. Thank you po.

Last, sir, requested actions, we need fuel at saka we need the help of the PNP to help protect the KonekTawag dahil nagdudu --- dinudumog po, sir, eh. So kung walang pulis, mahirap silang ipa-fall in line at saka 'yung iba nagtetelebabad, sir. So --- so 'pag may pulis po medyo napipigil, sir.

And then hirit na ako ng number three, hindi yata nadagdag sa card, I was asking Sec. Art earlier, as soon as possible, as soon as puwede na talaga, sir, we need to also still be prioritized in the transport, sir.

We are still to destroy about 100 VSATs and sat phones in the next coup -- in the next few days and we've --- we are simply asking na maprioritize ang aming --- para siyang ano, sir, parang bypass lane ba. So
'pag nagpakita ng DICT card, pasakayin kaagad sa commercial planes or
commercial ports, sir. Thank you po.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: I will call Secretary Del Rosario then si Rolly, Secretary Bautista, then maybe we will ask the Secretary of Education.

DHSUD SECRETARY EDUARDO DEL ROSARIO: Thank you, Mr. President. Fellow Cabinet members, ladies and gentlemen, good evening.

Sir, I'll be giving an update on the department's response to Typhoon Odette on the extent of damage to residential houses in the affected areas.

We have a total of partially damaged, 339,327; and totally damaged, 167,077, for a total of 506,404. Actually, this is not the final figure because as of yesterday, Mr. President, it was only 478,000. So just for a day of reporting it increased by 28,000, so it's now 506,404.

And from the damaged houses, we can see among the regions where the Typhoon Odette hit the different areas, and basically it concentrated into five regions: Region IV-B, Region VI, Region VII, Region VIII and Region XIII. Based on our estimate, the total and partially damaged houses may reach to about 600,000, Mr. President.

[Next slide, please.]

This is shelter assistance provided by the organi --- International Organization For Migration and USAID. We distributed shelter-grade tarpaulin sheets, which can accommodate one family of four to six members with the size of 4x6 or 24 square meters. A total of 5,598 shelter-grade tarps which were handed over to the LGUS in Cebu, Bohol, Southern Leyte and Region XIII. Pinakamarami, sir, sa Region XIII because of the damage in Dinagat Islands and Siargao.

Also, coordination was made with the Philippine Coast Guard for the distribution of the following tarpaulin sheets, 14,000 shelter-grade tarpaulin sheets, 250 modular tents for evacuation centers and 1,310 solar lamps.

And likewise, there's available 1,000 shelter repair kits for distribution composed of GI sheets, lumber, plywood, tarps, nails and carpentry tools. Today, 700 kits arrived in Butuan City and this will be distributed mostly in the Siargao and Dinagat Islands.

In Southern Leyte, 300 kits will arrive in Maasin on December 31, 2021. And all this is through the assistance provided by the International Organization for Migration and USAID.

[Next slide, please.]

This is the National Housing Authority shelter assistance per instruction of the President, wherein we are to provide 5,000 cash assistance to initially --- to 97,500 families worth 487 --- P487.5 million in Region IV-B, Region VI, Region VII, VIII, X and XIII, composed of 16 provinces, five cities and one district, which is Siargao, and the total number of beneficiaries is 97,500 for a total of P487.5 million.

This will --- this --- the distribution started today and expected to be completed by Wednesday, Mr. President.

And ways forward, to complete the 100 million commitment per province by the President, this will be completed by January of 2022, Mr. President. And the procurement of housing materials for targeted island LGUs with on-site delivery of the construction materials, will be undertaken from January to March of 2022 because of the procurement process and the delivery of the construction materials, Mr. President.

[Next slide, please.]

Now, on the part of the PAG-IBIG Fund, the 12 million members of PAG-IBIG Fund, especially those living in the identified affected regions, six regions, we allocated 5 billion sa calamity loan for members in affected --- in areas affected by Typhoon Odette.

And the calamity loan, every member can borrow up to 80 percent of their total PAG-IBIG savings, with the lowest interest rate of 5.95 per annum, and payable of up to three years with a grace period of two months.

In this scheme, Mr. President, if a PAG-IBIG member will borrow P20,000, they will pay about 600 per month for a period of three years and they'll start paying on the third month once their application was approved. And they can apply online if --- if the communication is restored in their respective areas, they can apply online to avail of the calamity loan and we have allocated 5 billion for that.

[Next slide, please.]

So that's all, Mr. President, with regards to our shelter assistance.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Salamat, Secretary Del Rosario. I'll give the floor to Secretary Bautista, DSWD.

DSWD SECRETARY ROLANDO BAUTISTA: [Could you show my slide, please?] Maayong gabii, Pangulong Mayor Rodrigo Roa Duterte at sa ating lahat. Salamat po sa pagkakataong maiulat ng DSWD ang ginawang pagtugon sa pangangailangan ng mga biktima ng Bagyong Odette katuwang ang ibang sangay ng gobyerno.

Ang akin pong iuulat ay naglalaman ng mga datos ukol sa mga programa at serbisyong ating naiabot sa mga mamamayan ng Regions IV-B, VI, VII, VIII, X at CARAGA.

Bago pa dumating ang Bagyong Odette, nagplano at nagsagawa ang mga DSWD field offices ng mga paghahanda at mga preparasyon gaya ng predisaster risk assessment analysts group meeting, pag-activate ng quick response teams, pag-preposition ng family food packs sa mga istratehikong lokasyon at patuloy na pag-repack ng food packs and nonfood items.

Ang kabuuang bilang ng ating family food packs [next slide, please] na naka-preposition bago dumating ang bagyo sa mga affected regions ay nasa humigi't kumulang 100,000 family food packs na nagkakahalaga ng P60 milyon. Makikita po sa slide ang breakdown per region.

[Next slide.]

Sa kalagayan naman po ng mga pamilya at indibidwal na na-displace dahil sa Bagyong Odette, may 7,400 evacuation centers ang binuksan sa mga apektadong rehiyon. Nasa halos 700,000 pamilya ang namamalagi rito o katumbas ng mahigit 2,000,000 indibidwal.

Samantala, ang mga nasa labas naman ng evacuation centers [next slide] --- ang nasa labas naman ng evacuation centers ay halos nasa 260,000 pamilya o katumbas ng 960,000 indibidwal.

[Next slide.]

Narito ang buod ng mga programa at serbisyong naihatid natin sa ating mga kababayan. Umabot na sa humigit 175,000 family food packs ang ating naibigay sa mga nasalanta ng bagyo. Tuloy-tuloy din ang pagsasagawa natin ng mga assistance to individuals in crisis situations; payout para sa burial, medical at financial assistance ayon sa assessment ng social workers. Ang inisyal na halagang ating naibigay ay umabot na sa P400,000 at patuloy din tayong nagbibigay ng mga psychosocial support services.

[Next slide. Okay.]

Narito rin po ang buod ng mga family food packs o FFPs augmentation natin galing sa main warehouse ng Pasay City at sa iba't ibang field offices na dinala sa mga apektadong rehiyon. Sa kabuuang bilang, mahigit sa 100,000 family food packs na ang ating na-augment sa mga apektadong field offices.

Samantala, ang DSWD ang nag-facilitate at namahagi ng mga natanggap nating donasyong food and non-food items mula sa ibang bansa. Lubos po tayong nagpapasalamat sa mga karatig-bansa sa Asya na sa pagpapaabot ng tulong katulad ng bigas, tubig, generator sets, at iba pa.

Mula naman sa mga local donors, nakatanggap din po tayo ng food and non-food items na na-transport na sa Surigao sa tulong ng Philippine Coast Guard noong Disyembre 23. Ang iba pang mga donasyon naman ay kasalukuyang nire-repack sa main warehouse ng DSWD sa Pasay City.

Ang mga tulong at donasyon po ay hindi natin maipaparating sa ating mga kababayan kung hindi dahil sa pag-agapay ng AFP at Philippine Coast Guard. Nais ko lang i-highlight ang tulong na binigay sa atin ng AFP at saka ng Philippine Coast Guard dahil kung wala sila, hindi natin kaagad mapaparating ang mga food and non-food items sa apektadong probinsiya.

Ganoon din 'yung ating kapulisan kasi ang ating kapulisan, bukod sa peace and order na binibigay nila sa ating mga food and non-food items, sila rin --- sila na rin po ang nagbubuhat at nagkakarga pag-akyat ng family food packs sa mga air and naval assets at pagbaba nito sa kanilang mga destinasyon.

Tayo ay agarang nakapagmobilisa ng mga air assets sa tulong ng Philippine Air Force na nag-transport ng food and non-food items na may bigat na mahigit sa 100 tonelada sa apektadong rehiyon. Ang Philippine Navy naman ay nagmobilisa rin ng kanilang assets na nagkarga ng mahigit na 1,400 toneladang relief goods patungo sa apektadong rehiyon. Gumamit din ng iba't ibang assets ang Philippine Coast Guard upang tumulong sa pag-transport ng humigit sa 400 toneladang relief goods sa mga apektadong lugar.

Sa ngayon ay mayroon pa tayong natitirang standby and stockpile funds na nagkakahalaga ng mahigit 860 milyong piso. Kasalukuyan ay patuloy tayong namamahagi ng mga food and non-food items at financial assistance sa pamamagitan ng AICS lalo na sa mga bayan na malubhang nasalanta ng Odette.

For the information ng ating Pangulong Mayor Duterte, ongoing po ang payout natin sa Dapa, Siargao at ang target po nating beneficiaries dito ay 14,000. Also, within this week, magpa-payout din po tayo sa wal --- isang munisipalidad at isang siyudad sa Negros Oriental.

Mayroon din po tayong payout sa Bohol na more than 1,000 --- 100,000 beneficiaries at anim na priority areas sa Palawan, approximately 50,000 beneficiaries.

Tayo ay nakikiisa rin sa pagsasagawa ng post-disaster needs assessment, katuwang ang mga LGUs at Department of Public Works and Highways. At panghuli, tayo rin ay nagbibigay ng psychosocial first aid intervention sa

mga indibidwal at pamilyang apektado ng Bagyong Odette kasama ng Department of Health.

Dito po nagtatapos ang aking ulat, Mayor, at maraming salamat po.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Salamat, Secretary. Tawagin ko si --- sino pa ba wala dito? Ah ito, si Secretary Jalad?

NDRRMC EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OFFICE OF CIVIL DEFENSE ADMINISTRATOR UNDERSECRETARY RICARDO JALAD: Good evening, Mr. President; to our Cabinet secretaries; and Senator Bong Go; and other officials.

I will brief on the updates regarding the effects and damages of --- and our disaster response in connection with Typhoon Odette. But this will be very brief, Mr. President, because I will be omitting those that were already discussed in detail by the earlier presenters.

[Next slide, please.]

So the total number of affected families, according to our latest situational report is at 1,037,197 families and that is --- or 4, 049,438 individuals. This came from the 38 provinces and 11 regions affected by Typhoon Odette. And nine provinces were hit the hardest. These are Dinagat Island and Surigao del Norte in CARAGA; Southern Leyte and Leyte in Region VIII; Bohol; Cebu; Negros Oriental in Region VII; Negros Occidental in Region VI; and Palawan in MIMAROPA.

As of the latest report also, Mr. President, we now have 389 dead; 64 missing; and 1,146 injured due to the onslaught of Typhoon Odette.

[Next slide, please.]

I'll be omitting this portion of the report, Mr. President --- Mr. President, because these were already discussed in detail by the earlier presenters like Secretary Tugade, Secretary Cusi, Usec. Caintic, and Secretary Mercado. Likewise, on the damages to houses, infra, and agriculture.

[Next slide. Next slide, please.]

In the response of the NDRRMC, we are also talking about that different responses of the concerned departments and agencies so I'll be omitting this report, Mr. President.

[Next slide.]

This is the summary of the logistics and services that OCD coordinated. A total of 240,000 kilograms of assorted relief goods were flown, utilizing land --- rather, transported utilizing air, sea, and land transportation assets of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, Philippine Coast Guard, other government and private assets. These include 104,340 liters of bottled water and about 90,000 of relief items from the AHA Centre of the ASEAN.

[Next slide, please.]

These are --- [Paki-back, back pa. Ah no, forward, forward, forward. Okay] --- anyway --- [forward] --- these are the disaster management facilities that we activated. Seven government Command and Control Centers or Emergency Operations Centers activated. The main EOC is at the NDRRMC Operations Center in Camp Aguinaldo. This is hosting the response cluster or crisis management team meetings. And it is likewise replicated in the different regions affected: MIMAROPA in Batangas City; Iloilo in Region VI; Mactan Air Base in Region VII; Tacloban City in Region VIII; Cagayan de Oro in Region X; and Butuan in CARAGA City.

We also activated emergency --- three emergency logistics hubs. We are using as main logistics hub the DELSA warehouse in --- inside Camp Aguinaldo, Quezon City. Since the stocks of this warehouse were already distributed, this is empty so we are using it as drop-off points for donations and their staging point. We also established a logistics hub in Mactan Air Base and in Surigao City.

In the event that more international assistance will be coming in, we are proposing to establish one-stop shop in these sites as the need arises: Mactan International Airport as our main one-stop shop, in NAIA in Pasay City, and Davao City Airport.

[Next slide, please.]

We are monitoring these donations from domestic donors. We monitored donations from 43 government agencies and 79 private organizations and these are the recipient localities: Bohol, Cebu, Leyte, Negros, Palawan, Surigao, and Siargao.

And these are the items that we have received: mostly food, water, temporary shelter, shelter kits, construction materials, medicines, hygiene kits, learners and teachers kits, temporary learning spaces, generators sets, and fuels, and the others as shown.

[Next slide, please.]

For international assistance, we have monitored these offers: 16 countries are offering their assistance, five international organizations likewise. We have accepted the donation from Japan through JICA and for reporting to DFA are the assistance from Israel, Taiwan, China, and the AHA Centre.

[Next slide.]

Let me add also, Mr. President, that we have delivered a total of 104,340 liters of bottled water from Ormoc and Laguna plant of Nature Spring. And today, we are transporting 1 million bottles to the Port of Manila and this will be loaded on a Navy ship and to be transported to Visayas. And tomorrow, one civilian cargo aircraft will be ferrying 30,000 bottles to Palawan. And ongoing also is the land transportation of 750,000 bottles from Ormoc to Southern Leyte and Leyte.

We are also assisting in the provision of tarpaulins and succulents. The succulents can be used as the temporary dividers for the temporary shelters of the affected families.

And for our way ahead, Mr. President, we are now coordinating and planning for the conduct of post-disaster needs assessment which will formulate the rehabili --- which will make way for the formulation of the rehabilitation and recovery program or plan of those areas affected.

So that's all, Mr. President, good evening.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Thank you, Usec. Jalad. Iyan ang sinasabi ko. This is the time when the law should apply. The law on the proclamations of calamities should not be dependent on the assessment of the damage because that exercise should come days after the catastrophic event.

Kaya sinabi ko kaya napipili --- napilitan tayong mag --- not really disobey but we've been told --- I told the COA if I have to wait for that report, it would come about one week or three to one week. So the resu --- the

resulting --- not really delay, but the period of assessment comes very much later.

But anyway, iyon 'yung tingin ko, that's the flaw of --- the flaw of the law sa ano.

We would like to ask si... Before si ano... Ma'am Secretary Briones? How are you faring with the face-to-face schooling of the children?

DEPED SECRETARY LEONOR BRIONES: We are proceeding with our plans to expand further the face-to-face implementation. Our pilot effort has been very successful sa lahat ng mga schools na in-open natin public, private, international, as well as other types of school.

Walang ni isang COVID incident. Walang serious incident of ill effects on the children. So we believe that we can proceed and we thank you for your permission given to the Department of Education and the Department of Health as well as the DILG to continue the assessment of schools which can be eligible for the expansion of face-to-face, Mr. President.

But first of all, I would like to apologize for my non-physical presence because the results of my PCR test did not arrive on time. I'd like to inform you, Mr. President, that I was in Region VII before, during, immediately after, and I was also stranded for three days in Negros Oriental along with other officials of Region VII because of the problems which were already described.

I will try to make --- endeavor to make my assessment and report as brief as possible because the report on Education, Mr. President, mirrors what has already been reported to you as happening in the other sectors of government as well as the actions which have been undertaken. So I will focus on those which are relevant to education.

First slide is that of course 11 regions were affected; 121 school division offices; 29,671 schools; and 12 million learners. I will not dwell long on the summary of hard-hit regions because the earlier reports already mentioned them and our report also echoes to a great degree the extent of the damage of the typhoon on the summary.

[Please --- can we continue with the slide, please?]

So I will not dwell long on that because you are already familiar and you yourself, Mr. President, have seen the extent of the damage. These are specifically on the schools and our school facilities.

[Next slide, please.]

Immediately after the --- after the storm, I went down and visited and there were still aftermaths. And I visited, for example, a school in Valencia Elementary School which was ran over by a huge tree and destroyed the roof. And it's also reflective of what is happening to the other government buildings.

[Next, please.]

This is in Puerto Princesa, Palawan, which all of us know was badly and severely destroyed, damaged by the typhoon. This is in Region IV-B. School houses which --- whose roofs have flown off in the fury of the winds and the rain. Okay.

[Next, please.]

This is in Southern Leyte, in Himbangan Elementary School. I have visited most of them, Mr. President. As I said before, during --- even during the storm, I was going around in Negros Oriental because I am used to storms, whether of the physical, the psychological, and whatever variety.

[Next, please.]

This, Mr. President, dramatizes what you mentioned a while ago, what happened to a school in Siargao. You will see the middle building is really --- it's as if it went through a grinder. And just behind, you mentioned the coconut trees falling down, you mentioned banana trees, coconuts, and that is proof --- this photo is proof positive of what happened in Siargao and in many of their school buildings. Thank you.

[Next, please.]

So even as I have always been on record as reluctant for the use of public schools as evacuation centers, without hesitation on the request of the DILG, we agreed that our public schools can be used as temporary evacuation centers. So we have 656 public schools, 3,671 classrooms also used as evacuation centers.

[Next, please.]

In our estimates, because Mr. President, we want to recover, we want to build. But we have to ask how much will it cost to bring us back to what we were before. And perhaps, totally damaged classrooms which we have counted and rehabilitate 1,316 partially damaged classrooms.

We will probably be looking at the 2022 budget as soon as it is passed and we'll plead and beg for consideration as we will be probably using a portion of the 2022 budget for rehabilitation.

[Next, please.]

So we also have a summary. We have been conducting a running total all the time because we knew the storm was coming. We know that every year storms come. So we have a running total of infrastructure damages, cost of repair and reconstruction, and those are the details, Mr. President. Thank you.

[Next, please.]

So we will need --- [Back to the...] --- P73.43 million to replace the non-infrastructure damages and so on and so forth. We have tried to be as accurate as possible because this happens every year ever since I was a child. And so therefore we know what to expect and what to anticipate.

[Next, please.]

From the Quick Response Fund, one of your earliest instructions, Mr. President, was to check on our Quick Response Funds if there is any leftover. It's already the end of the year, Mr. President, and we have counted --- we looked under the pillows, we checked the posts, we looked at our coconut shell banks and so on, and we counted 3.8 million which is still with our office and we also counted continuing funds which are available. This is 227 million which can also be used and these are savings from current funds and continuing funds which have already been downloaded to the regional offices.

We immediately did this because we know that all the speeches, all the tears in the world will not bring back those buildings, will not bring back our facilities without the necessary financial resources and the cooperation of everybody.

[Next, please.]

We also identified, Mr. President, 200 million more in funds with the Department of Education, which we will use to fund the printing of modules which are still necessary for our face-to-face or our blended learning approach.

Only yesterday, Mr. President, you sent us instructions that we should also think of the communities, we think of the plight of our teachers, of our staff, and the children and their families. So we have been mobilizing.

We have more than 200 partners from the public sector, the private sector, religious organizations, and we have been mobilizing them to contribute, to help out since we cannot use public funds and for the purposes that was needed so we...

I encouraged and instructed the regional directors to start campaigns and especially our own office in the Central Office which is into partnerships. We have a group which does nothing but concentrate on partnerships with the private sector and with various groups.

Mr. President, we encourage donations in kind and not necessarily in cash so that we don't have to deal with the intricacies of financial accountabilities. So, Mr. President, these very briefly are the latest.

To summarize, Mr. President, we will continue and we will endeavor to expand face-to-face classes. We survived two world wars, insurrections, revolutions, volcanic eruptions, floods, and all that and schools continued to open. And this Odette will not stop us from continuing. Thank you, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Iyang Odette na 'yan, hinahanap ko pa ang gaga, babae ang Odette eh. By the way, ma'am, si Sal Panelo kasama natin sa Cabinet, he's a secretary for --- Presidential Legal Adviser, he was in Zambales this afternoon. And he was, maybe, campaigning but he was able to manage to have a crowd and most of them were teachers.

Sabi ng mga maestra kay Sal, to convey to me na ang mga teachers raw wala --- nakalimutan ko. So sabi ko na tingnan lang natin if there's any money. But you know, I --- I'd like to inform you, ma'am, and the rest of the teachers all over the country that I have signed already the service recognition incentive and gratuity pay for the government sa teachers.

So in a few days, maybe ma-download na 'yan sa whatever is the mechanism for that, pero ito 'yung matatanggap nila. Service recognition incentive and gratuity pay for the government of employees.

SEC. BRIONES: Thank you, Mr. President, for not forgetting the profession from which your mother spent and gave her life, professional life for. Only last September, Mr. President, you granted, you signed an order granting P910 million for 1,000 award for each teacher during Global Teachers' Day. And we have endeavored to add more steps so that in the --- in the ladder of professions of the teachers so that they can move even without waiting for the next person to retire. They can move within --- within ranks.

Also, they have special hazard pay. We also increased the uniform allowance and they can spend the uniform allowance as they please. If they like their old uniforms, they keep the money. If they don't like their old uniforms, they use the money to buy. And as I said, they have special hazard pay and we have never failed on giving them the benefits that you have promised them on time.

However, this has to be according to law. And you have done this several times more than any other president, more than any other administration. The movement of the salaries of teachers has been faster than those of other professions. Thank you, Mr. President. And thank you for that last 910 million which you generously awarded the teachers and now they are looking forward to what you also promised them. Thank you. In their name, thank you.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: It's already signed, ma'am. Napirmahan ko na 'to. So for a few...

SEC. BRIONES: Salamat, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: I did --- the document I signed was Authorizing the Grant of Service Recognition Incentive to Government Employees for Fiscal Year 2021. So maraming... I hope that ma-download ito kaagad at least before Christmas --- ah, New Year, para bagong taon mayroon silang hawak na pera. Iyan ang pinahabol ko.

Alam mo, ma'am, my mother was a public school teacher. So anak lang rin ako ng maestra. So kaya medyo nauuna [laughs] hindi, you really deserve it. That is what government has formulated and prioritized. So kung ano man 'yan, it's a delegated power by Congress to authorize the President to --- may pera na. So good luck to the teachers. I hope I have contributed a little bit of happiness to them this Christmas season.

SEC. BRIONES: More than a little bit, Your Excellency, Mr. President.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Thank you, ma'am. Now, we go to --- 'yung hinahabol ko si ano, si --- ah General Madrigal, sir. General Madrigal, can you hear me?

PHILIPPINE COCONUT AUTHORITY ADMINISTRATOR BENJAMIN

MADRIGAL: Yes, sir. Magandang gab – maayong gabi po, mahal na Pangulo. Maayong gabi po sa ating mga miyembro ng Gabinete. Sa ngalan po ng Philippine Coconut Authority, katulad din po nang nabanggit na ni Secretary Dar, ito pong ating mga magniniyog at ang industriya po ng niyog ay ano, bale 25 percent po ng damaged agricultural crops natin ay ang ating niyugan.

Sa katunayan po, about 10 million coconut trees po ang totally nadamage sa atin. Ang karamihan po nito ay sa Region XIII, nasa mga 5.7 million trees po at sa Region VIII about 3.9 million trees. Mayroon din po tayong mga partially damaged pa, umaabot din po ng --- doon po sa mga nasabing rehiyon na tinamaan ay nasa mga 11 million trees. Although ito pong mga partially damaged trees ay puwede pa rin po nating marehabilitate.

Now, ang atin pong ginawa katulad po sa mga nabanggit din ng ibang ahensiya, nag-ano po tayo ng mga chainsaws, nasa mga 500 chainsaws po 'yung ating ipinapamahagi sa --- lalong-lalo na po sa CARAGA at saka sa Region VIII.

At ito pong pag-ano, kasama po ang aming mga tauhan sa Philippine Coconut Authority na para masiguro rin po na iyon pong mga qualified trees lamang ang ating maputol. At para po naman ma-save natin 'yung iba pang mga puno na nakatayo na puwede pa nating mapakinabangan.

At dito po sa --- at 'yun pong mga puno na mapuputol puwede pong magamit. Sabi nga po ng ating mahal na Pangulo ay puwede rin itong maitulong sa pagpapatayo ng mga temporary shelters. At katulong po ang ibang ahensiya sa clearing operations na ginagawa natin. Now, sa mga --- sa tulong po na ating gagawin maliban po dito, kami po ay naglaan lalonglao na po sa darating na ating 2022 budget, iyon pong mga ating mga tinamaan na mga puno, iko-concentrate po natin 'yung ating Coconut Fertilization Program. Nasa mga 225 million po ito dito po sa mga rehiyon na tinamaan 'yung Region IV-B, Region VI, Region VII, Region VIII, and Region XIII.

At ganoon din po, ito pong ating intercropping sa ating general appropriations po ay nasa mga 34.4 million na doon din po natin i-

concentrate para po magkaroon ng pagkain ang ating mga magsasaka. Ito po 'yung mga short- term crops 'no, short gestation crops, mga vegetables.

At saka po mga [unclear] ng mga hayop na puwedeng mapakinabangan kaagad hindi lamang ng ating mga magsasaka kung 'di ng consuming public din. At ito pong --- mayroon din po tayong 'yun pong incentivized planting natin, kahit po tinamaan 'yung mga --- o nasira iyong mga ibang mga pananim na pine --- na inaalagaan ng ating mga magsasaka ay patuloy po nating bibigyan din ng incentive po itong --- ibibigay pa rin po sa kanila ang kanilang incentives.

At ito po kung sa atin pong Coconut Farmers and Industry Development Plan na ngayon po ay nasa --- ready na rin po kaming [unclear], dumadaan lamang po sa vetting ng mga apat na ahensiya bale na rin sa pagkakasabi sa batas. Nakuha na po namin ang endorsement ng NEDA, ng DTI at 'yun na lamang po ang hinihintay namin ay 'yung sa dalawang ahensiya po, Department of Finance and 'yun pong Department of Budget and Management, at ito po ay nakahanda na pong maisumete sa ating mahal na Pangulo para maaprubahan at nang mai-roll out na din po natin ang matagal nang hinihintay na Coconut Farmers Trust Fund.

At kung ito po ay magagawa sa unang taon po, dahil po sa batas ang sabi ay 5 bilyon, out of the 5 billion na initial allocation, ang nakalaan po doon sa mga --- na puwedeng magamit sa rehabilitation and social protection sa ating mga magsasaka, umaabot po ng mga about 835 million ang nakalaan po doon sa mga rehiyon na nabanggit.

Karamihan po dito farm improvements, 'yun pong mga native livestocks na puwedeng ipamigay sa mga magsasaka, mayroon din po tayong dairy program doon, crop insurance, karagdagan po sa binanggit ni Secretary Dar na mayroon din po doon nakalaan na mga about 117 million dito sa mga rehiyon na ito na ibibigay po ng Philippine Crop Insurance Corporation.

At ang... Mayroon din po tayong, of course, 'yung sa ating hybridization, 'yun pong pag-replenish nung ating mga pananim. At ito po sa ngayon ang ginagawa po namin 'yung iba pa ring available na mga planting materials natin ay ita-transport po natin doon sa mga tinamaang lugar upang makapag-umpisa na po ng replanting ng mga natumbang mga puno.

Iyon lamang po, mahal na Pangulo. Marami pong salamat.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Salamat po, General Madrigal. Iyong gusto kong marinig 'yung movement rin ng the Armed Forces of the Philippines. May -- may we call on the Chief of Staff.

AFP CHIEF OF STAFF GENERAL ANDRES CENTINO: Mr. President, Senator Go, Secretary Medialdea, members of the Cabinet, good evening sirs, maayong gabii sa tanan.

The updates of the AFP was included in the earlier presentation on the DND-AFP HADR operations. As reported earlier, sir, the AFP has deployed over 6,800 personnel in the different regions.

[Next slide, please.]

And these are also augmented by the deployment of our air assets from the Philippine Air Force. We have [next slide] --- we have actually deployed 27 of our aircrafts, including the 11 Black Hawks which were very, very helpful in the rapid damage assessment and the relief operations that we executed from Cebu to the different islands and most of these aircrafts have been flying daily and some have been performing two to three sorties everyday just to maximize the transport of supplies.

[Next slide.]

These are the total number of goods transported and we were also faci --- we also facilitated as reported earlier the evacuation of stranded tourists from Siargao na numbering 324.

[Next slide.]

Fifteen of our naval assets were also deployed, including the biggest ship that we have, BRP Tarlac and this is LD601, which is actually now back here in Manila after performing one sortie.

[Next slide.]

So we were able to transport one --- over 1,400 tons through our naval assets. So this is the summary of the resources being deployed, this includes also 769 na land assets, our trucks, military trucks, transporting supplies from the different ports to the different destinations.

[Next.]

And the total number of stranded tourists and individuals evacuated and the damage and the volume of supplies being transported.

[Next.]

Aside from employing the personnel in the affected areas, we were also redeploying units from outside of the area, this includes a battalion-size marine unit, the Marine Amphibious Ready Unit from Manila deployed to Cebu helping Visayas Command in its relief operations.

We also deployed Engineer Construction Teams from the Philippine Army. We have the 51st Engineer Brigade based in Manila, sending teams to augment 53rd Engineer Brigade in Cebu. And also we have the 55th Engineer Brigade from Zamboanga and the 54th Engineer Brigade from Lanao del Sur, augmented to our engineer units in Cebu.

We also deployed our teams from the Philippine Navy Construction and Engineering Brigade and squadrons from the Air Force Engineering Wing. Joint Task Force Storm, these are the units from Catbalogan Samar also sent out 34 carpentry teams to help in the reconstruction of damaged houses in Maasin and Limasawa Island.

We also deployed our COMMEL teams from Manila to help out in restoring signal capabilities of our units in Cebu and Bohol. We have been involved in the rapid damage assessment and needs analysis, and the transport of relief goods.

We also have the Civil-Military Coordination Center, this one sir is based here in Metro Manila. This center is being used to accept donations from NGOs and from other agencies, and in coordination with the NDRRMC, we facilitate the transport and prioritization of the donations to the affected areas.

[Next slide. Next slide.]

We have also coordinated with the Philippine Navy Affiliated Reservist Units, some commercial boats have been used for the transport of other cargoes. We have Galdiolus 2 and Santa Clara Shipping. These are Philippine Navy Affiliated Reservist Units.

Per the initiative of the Philippine Air Force, the Philippine Airlines also accommodated five tons of relief goods from Manila to Cebu. We have also deployed our mobile kitchen to Cebu and we also helped facilitate the donation of the Government of Israel to Siargao.

And yes --- yesterday --- two days ago, we conducted Operation Christmas Drop by sending goods and supplies to our detachments in the West Philippine Sea. These detachments were also affected by the typhoon. So it gave much relief to our soldiers thinking that --- believing that they are really being taken care of even in being deployed in the remote areas.

We also facilitated the arrival of a C-130 from Taiwan carrying donated relief goods. And per instruction of the President, sir, the BRP Ang Pangulo is in Siar --- anchored in Siargao. And we added medical teams to augment the team here from Manila. These teams came from EastMinCom and 4th Infantry Division to make the vessel a floating treatment facility.

[Next slide.]

Some of the pictures are shown. These were shown earlier, sir.

[Next, next.]

Ito 'yung prev --- this is the Navy Boat 550, the second biggest Navy boat that we have, sir, carrying trucks. Some of the trucks are owned by Meralco, MWSS helping out in the restoration of power and water supply in Cebu.

[Next, next.]

In closing sir, even as the AFP is deploying forces and personnel in affected areas, we would like to assure the President that the AFP has sufficient forces and personnel securing the other regions of the country, sir.

Thank you, sir.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Maraming salamat sa AFP. Nakikita --- nakita ko naman ho noong umikot ako and I am more than almost gratified by the response of the AFP. Again, para sa the rank and file, and of course to you, General Centino, maraming salamat po.

Now, I go now to the Police General Carlos for the updates of...

PNP CHIEF DIONARDO CARLOS: Magandang gabi po, Mr. President, Rodrigo Roa Dutete; to Senator Bong Go; Executive Secretary Atty. Medialdea; Cabinet Secretaries; ladies and gentlemen, magandang gabi po.

Ang ulat po namin ay 'yung naging bahagi po ng ating Pambansang Pulisya at atin pong mga... Just a short background po, noong December 14, kami po ay nag-activate po ng aming subcommittee on Natural Disaster and National Disaster Operating Center pagpasok po noong Typhoon Odette noong December 14 at immediately po ay nag-send out po kami ng advisory sa lahat ng mga police regional offices na maaari pong tamaan ng Bagyong Odette.

At sila po ay aming binigyan ng instruction na i-activate naman 'yung kanilang mga regional --- respective Regional Disaster Incident Management Task Group. So these are the actions prior to the arrival of Odette or maka-cause siya ng damage.

So on the situation update po, makita po natin na we have identified 1,179 evacuation center kung saan po ay tumulong po ang ating mga kapulisan upang ito po ay ma-secure at iyong... Mayroon po tayong recorded po dito na iyon ating pong mga person --- mga affected families and affected person at mayroon hong 570,000 displaced person at naulat na po earlier iyon pong mga casualties nitong atin pong --- nitong nangyari dito kay Odette.

[Next slide po.]

Sa part naman po ng Philippine National Police ay mayroon po kaming mga kasama na ang kanila pong mga kabahayan ay naapektuhan din po. So that's about 600 --- 6,214 households distributed po from the different regions kung saan po dumaan po itong si Odette, as shown on the screen po, are some of the photos of the houses of our PNP personnel na nadamage din po.

And also, we also looked at [inaudible] different facilities at ito po ay nagkakahalaga po ng over 164 million iyon pong 'yung damages na naestimate po ng aming engineering service.

[Next slide po.]

Sa amin pong deployment, mayroon po tayong 148 on standby at iyon aming pong RSSF, nakapag-deploy po kami ng 735 personnel at mayroon pa ho kaming available na 6,145 personnel that can be deployed in case na kailangan pa hong mag-deploy ng ating mga pulis. At sa iba't ibang mga evacuation center, mayroon ho tayong dineploy na 931 PNP personnel.

Nagsagawa po tayo ng 254 rescue operation; 170 relief operation; at mayroon po tayong na-rescue na 5,176. Makikita po natin dito sa mga photos iyong amin pong ginawang road clearing operations, iyong pagrescue, pag-secure po natin sa mga evacuation center, at pagtulong po sa mga evacuation center at iyong atin pong mga pulis ay atin din pong dineploy to secure iyong mga vacated areas at iyon pong pagpapanatili ng kaayusan sa mga lugar kung saan po nagkakaroon ng pag-ipon-ipon katulad po ng mga gas station o water refilling station na nakita po natin na dito pa pumupunta iyon atin pong mga kababayan upang sila ay makakuha po ng supply.

[Next slide po.]

At ito naman po 'yung aming deployment ng amin pong mga mobility asset. Ang amin pong water assets ay mayroon po kaming 43 --- 43 na patuloy hong nagsisilbi upang magamit ng atin pong mga kapulisan upang maihatid iyong mga tulong at iyon atin pong mga personal --- personali -- personnel ay ma-deploy.

At nag-redeploy po kami. Iyong amin pong high speed tactical craft ay nai-deploy po namin sa Region XIII mula po sa Central Visayas at iyong isa naman po ay nasa Dumaguete at iyong isa pong rubber boat naman po ay nasa Bohol. Mayroon din po kaming isang high speed tactical craft na galing po sa Region X at na-deploy naman po makatulong po sa Region XIII sa CARAGA.

[Next slide.]

Sa atin pong air assets, iyong amin pong dalawang helicopter ay kasalukuyan pong nasa Tacloban at araw-araw po itong ginagamit upang maghatid ng tulong sa Southern Leyte at iyong tatlo naman po ay nandito pa ho sa PNP hangar dito sa GenAv dito sa NAIA at iyong apat naman po ay ongoing po iyong kanilang periodic maintenance.

So summary po kahapon, nasa Southern Leyte na po ito kahapon. Mayroon din pong tumawid na po papuntang Surigao at iyong isa naman po ay naglakbay papuntang Ormoc upang makatawid naman po papunta sa Cebu.

So ito po ay gagamitin natin para makapagbigay po ng additional na supply na tubig galing po sa iyong saltwater or riverwater na maaari na po itong maging potable or maiinom na tubig.

So the other mobility assets, naka-deploy po ito, 1,579 trucks, patrol cars, at ito po ay iyong kahit iyon amin pong nandoon po sa aming area police commands ay nagagamit na po namin 'yung amin pong mga manned trucks para makapaghatid ng tulong sa mga lugar na apektado po ni Typhoon Odette.

Ito po ay iyon amin pong mga sa equipment and communication equipment, mayroon po kaming 65 generator sets na nasa onsite in different areas; 38 additional at mayroon pa ho kaming mga maaari pa hong ma-deploy. Ang amin pong satellite phones ay mayroon po na nasa --- lima na nasa Region VI; tatlo sa Region VIII; a total of eight at mayroon po kaming available na dalawa na nandoon naman po sa area police command for Visayas and Eastern Mindanao.

So nag-deploy din po kami ng chainsaws sa amin pong ginagawang pagtulong sa road clearing sa DPWH at patuloy ho itong nagagamit sa atin pong road clearing operation.

Sa hanay po ng Philippine National Police ay mayroon po kaming tulong na nakalap. Boluntaryo po ang atin pong mga pulis ay nag-ipon ng kanila pong mga maaaring itulong sa aming mga kapatid na pulis na naapektuhan. And we were able to generate 16 million pesos and an additional 11 million worth of goods.

Ito po ay as early as December 18 ay nag-conceptualize po kami ng Police Big Brother Concept kung saan immediately po ang Police Regional Office 5 ay sila po ang naging Big Brother ng Region VIII sa Southern Leyte. On December 18, bumaba na po sila kaagad at naghatid po ng tulong. At iyon pong mga regional offices sa Mindanao ay Region XI and XII are supposed to help CARAGA. However, sabi ng Region X hindi na ho nila kailangan po ng tulong. Inabot na rin po ng Region IX, Region X at BARMM ang tulong ng ating pulis doon naman po sa mga kababayan natin sa Region XIII.

So noong sinilip po namin ang Panay Island at Negros Island noong December 18 ay ang atin pong Police Regional Office IV-A ang siya naman

pong tumulong sa western --- Western Visayas. At ang atin pong mga Police Regional Office sa Luzon, Region I, Region II, Region III, Cordillera, and NCR i-finocus (focus) po namin for Region VII. Doon po namin ibinigay 'yung mga tulong na 'yan.

At dahil naging state of calamity po ang Palawan, ang buong Region IV-B, isinwing (swing) po namin ang tulong ng four --- ng Region I to Palawan. So nagkaroon po kami ng Big Brother Concept at iyong mismo pong pulis natin na po ang siyang magbibigay ng tulong sa amin pon pulis na naging biktima para po maayos ang kanilang bahay at mabigyan po ng tulong kaagad at mabigyan din po ng tulong 'yung ating mga kababayan.

And after po nung pagpupulong sa Cebu noong December 23 noong tayo ay pinatawag ni President, nag-usap po kami ni Chief of Staff and he stated that he will do a Christmas Drop. So ang ginawa lang po namin nag-conduct din po kami ng simultaneous cris --- namin ng pagbibigay po ng tulong ngunit may dala po kaming mga candy, mga laruan para po doon sa mga kabataan .

At in all the affected areas ginawa po namin 'to simultaneous. At 'yung hindi naman po affected ay nagawa din po sila ng Operation Christmas Drop to reach out to depressed areas. So two --- two-way, nakakahatid na po kami ng tulong, eh napapasaya po namin.

And I would like to thank the concept of --- given by Chief of Staff AFP, tinweak (tweak) lang po namin nang kaunti at the same with the Armed Forces, itutuloy po namin ito hanggang December 31.

So moving forward, patuloy po 'yung aming pagtulong sa search, rescue, relief, and retrieval operation kung kakailanganin at 'yung amin pong pagpo-provide ng security sa mga evacuation center at sa mga community at 'yung iba pa pong requests. 'Yung amin pong available communication equipment, ang amin pong COMMEL ay bumaba na rin po para matulungan 'yung aming mga opisina.

At 'yung amin pong pagbibigay din po ng tulong o security to other government agencies para po maibalik 'yung serbisyo o 'yung rehabilitation po sa mga iba't ibang bahagi na naapektuhang lugar. Iyong amin pong RSSF are to be deployed para po mapalitan na po 'yung napagod na po nating mga pulis, sila po'y makapagpahinga. So the new fresh na policemen from the unaffected region will proceed to the affected regions to help out para makapahinga ng isang linggo, then rotate naman po namin ulit.

So tuloy-tuloy din po 'yung aming pag-deliver po ng mga relief goods, mga generator sets na nanggagaling po sa amin pong mga partners and community partners at saka advocacy group. Just today, we received an additional generator set, food items, and other health and hygiene kits na binigay naman po ni Undersecretary Debold Sinas at iyon naman po ay dedicated for Tabang Cebu.

Nandoon na po si secretary --- Undersecretary Debold sa Cebu, tatanggapin niya na po 'yun at ibibigay po namin sa amin pong mga kababayan sa Cebu.

So that's the report po ng amin pong --- atin pong Pambansang Pulisya. Maraming salamat sa pagkakataon na nagiging bahagi po kami sa pagtulong sa atin pong mga kababayan. Magandang gabi po.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Thank you. Salamat --- salamat po, General. When is the next "Talk to the People?" Ah next week. So you'll have a chance to --- if there's anything that you will report or can report or will report. Maraming salamat sa inyo. [applause]

Ah by the way, sir, si General Carlos.

PNP CHIEF CARLOS: Sir.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Sir, there's a spike of holdups na riding in tandem. May --- somebody report it to me. So kindly look into this problem.

PNP CHIEF CARLOS: We'll do, sir. We'll do, we'll do it.

PRESIDENT DUTERTE: Thank you. [applause]

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